

WRATHER FORECAST.
For Newark and vicinity:
settled tonight and Tuesday.

Un-

THE NEWARK ADVOCATE

Corn Show This Week

VOLUME 78—NUMBER 56.

CLEW WAS FURNISHED BY LETTER

The Operations of Daring Counterfeitors Broken Up By Secret Service Men

WERE OLD OFFENDERS

And Operated Over a Large Section of the United States—One of the Gang Made 400 \$10 Gold Certificates.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

Washington, Jan. 5.—The big part that a receipt for a registered letter played in the breaking up of a daring gang of counterfeiters which operated over a large section of the country came to light today at the treasury department when Chief Flynn of the secret service division gathered up the loose ends of the story. In consequence of the finding of the receipts in the possession of one of them, three men are under arrest. They proved to be old offenders and have long prison terms in prospect.

Several weeks ago Chief Flynn received word of the appearance of a new counterfeit \$10 gold certificate, not particularly well executed but still good enough to have been accepted by a number of persons in Buffalo. A few days later the same sort of \$10 certificate made its appearance in New York and then in rapid succession in St. Louis and Cincinnati.

The New York office of the secret service, after days of stalking finally arrested a boy who had bills in his possession and who said they were given him to pass. The boy's description of the giver led to John Furnan, alias Frank Lascero, alias Dominick Greco. In searching Furnan's rooms they discovered a receipt for a registered package addressed to the daughter of Edward Westcott, of Chicago, who had been in the toils in 1908 and had served part of a 10 year sentence for counterfeiting.

While the New York office of the service department waited and finally arrested Furnan, Flynn sent a telegram to Chicago to look up Westcott. Confronted by agents, Westcott confessed. He said he had made 400 of the bills and that he had given half of them to Furnan. 100 to a man named Merrill and kept about 100 himself.

Merrill walked into the trap set for him a short time later and proved to be an old acquaintance of the service, known before as Otto Allen of Peoria. Merrill had been out on the road disposing of the bills and brought back with him only 47.

When Furnan was arrested he had 156 bills. If he had not sent the registered package to Chicago, Chief Flynn might yet be looking for the others in the rang and probably would have heard from a half dozen more cities.

BELIEVE TWO MORE BODIES ARE IN FIRE RUINS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

South Bend, Ind., Jan. 5.—Two girls, in addition to the bodies of three men already recovered, are believed to be dead in the ruins of the building that collapsed here late Saturday. The girls, whose names were given to the police by their parents today, have been missing from their homes since before the accident and are known to have been acquaintances of Delbert Hibbord of Niles, Michigan, who was killed, and Theodore Metzger, who was injured in the fall of the building.

Fire, which broke out in the building, delayed the search for the bodies to day.

"MOTHER" JONES MAY RETURN TO STRIKE REGION

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

Denver, Jan. 5.—Preparations were begun today by union officials for the return of "Mother" Mary Jones, to Trinidad, from which point she was deported by state troops yesterday. Adjutant General Chase, according to a report to Governor Ammons, has given orders in Trinidad and Walsenburg that her appearance in any portion of the strike region would result in imprisonment for her under the incomunicado rule of the military authorities. Deportation, General Chase said, would not be attempted again as the action of the military authorities yesterday

was merely to warn her that her presence in the strike region would not be tolerated.

Governor Ammons was of the opinion that General Chase considered he had good cause for his summary action in ordering "Mother" Jones' deportation and that he would, in all probability take no action in the matter. It was known that Adjutant General Chase from the first day of military rule in the strike region had declared that "Mother" Jones would not be permitted to visit among the strikers or to make speeches at any town directly affected by the strike. He took full responsibility for her forcible ejection and remarked:

"And if she comes back we will have a nice little party for her."

At union headquarters here there was indignation on the part of labor leaders who said it was an insult to women that "Mother" Jones should have been "manhandled" by troopers, and insisted that she went to a hotel immediately upon reaching Denver.

Union leaders advised all strikers to arm themselves in order that they may resist the aggressions of the military authorities.

PART OF CREW DROWNED IN THE WRECK OF SHIP

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

New York, Jan. 5.—The tank steamer in trouble off Sandy Hook yesterday was the Oklahoma and part of her crew perished. Eight were saved. This was the substance of a wireless message received here today.

Although several vessels were standing by the distressed tank liner, the Hamburg-American line freighter Bavaria, bound from Philadelphia to Boston, was the only one able to render assistance. She reported by wireless shortly after 9 o'clock this morning that she had been able to take off Captain Alfred Gunter, Chief Mate Bert Everson, Second Mate Dahl, Third Mate Carl Ekelund, Operator William Davis, Boatman Christian Rasmussen, Quartermaster Hamilton Powell and Herman Erickson, the ship's carpenter.

No mention was made of the remained of the crew, thirty in number.

The Oklahoma was owned by the J. M. Gulf Petroleum Company; was 2,750 tons net and 419 feet long. She left here Saturday for Port Arthur, Texas.

Although the disaster occurred less than 100 miles off Sandy Hook, wireless reports throughout the night were meagre and conflicting.

The Caribbean reported this forenoon that the crew had been rescued but did not give the name of the vessel.

In announcing the saving of part of the Oklahoma's crew the Bavaria added that the vessel had not sunk entirely, but was partly submerged and drifting helplessly.

CIVIL SERVICE BOARD SELLECTS A NEW CLERK

The civil service commission at a meeting held Saturday reorganized, selecting Attorney Henry C. Ashcraft as clerk, to succeed Ray Martin, who has served in that capacity for several years. I. M. Phillips was re-elected president of the board. The new appointee, Charles W. Kent, who succeeds E. Cary Norris, was sworn in and assumed his duties.

ADDRESSES THE MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the Pujo House committee, which investigated the so-called money trust, today outlined in a speech to the Illinois Manufacturers Association what he termed the necessary program to restore business conditions and confidence.

Leaders of big business must first purge their minds of prejudice and must subordinate personal desire for gain to the public good, he declared.

Next in importance, he said, is that the laws under which business is conducted must be so plain that the business man can tell instinctively what constitutes a violation.

ROBBED CHURCH BOX.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

Fremont, O., Jan. 5.—Burglars broke into St. Joseph's church here last night and robbed the collection box, but obtained only fifty cents, the box having been emptied by church authorities just before the robbery.

CAPT. WARDEN SELLS HOTEL AT RICHMOND

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

An announcement was made today of the sale of the Wescott Hotel at Richmond, Ind., owned by F. G. Warden of Newark, to Mr. Cunningham, who was at one time connected with the hotel. Mr. Warden purchased the hotel from Mr. Bayfield several years ago and has operated it since that time as one of the string of hotels under his management. The transfer of the property took place Saturday.

TERRIBLE HAVOC IS WROUGHT

Along New Jersey Coast by a Hurricane Which Swept in from Sea

SCORES MADE HOMELESS

Damage to Property Estimated at \$2,000,000—Big Hotels and Hundreds of Cottages Tumbled Into the Ocean.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

New York, Jan. 5.—The New Jersey and Long Island coasts, famed for their summer resorts, vacation homes and permanent fishing villages suffered a property loss estimated at from one to two million dollars in the hurricane that swept in from the sea shortly after daybreak Saturday morning and which did not begin to abate until early today.

Seabright, N. J., which was swept by a violent storm on Christmas night, when an estimated loss of half a million dollars resulted, was again the center of the gigantic waves. More than 100 persons were made homeless and the summer cottages of New York and Philadelphia business men tumbled into the sea, as did the Octagon Hotel, one of the largest summer resorts along the Jersey coast. The town with only \$12,000 in its treasury to revive the homeless, will appeal today for state and federal aid, in the construction of a sea wall to prevent a recurrence of the disaster.

While the greatest damage was done at Seabright, the New Jersey coast from Sandy Hook to Long Branch was lashed by waves and the bulkheads which for thirty years had protected the low beaches, were ripped to pieces and tossed aside. Heavy losses are reported from Atlantic City where wires are down and part of the city in darkness last night; Longport, Edgewater, Cape May, Ventnor City and Margate City.

The south shore of Long Island from Montauk Point to Sea Gate was pounded by the waves all of Saturday night and all day yesterday. A score of bathing pavilions and hundreds of bath houses were washed away, cottages smashed and board walks hurled upon the beach. The heaviest damage is reported from Sea Gate, a fashionable cottage colony. Coney Island, Brighton Beach, Long Beach, Rockaway, Arverne and Montauk Point also were bombarded by the immense breakers. At Far Rockaway the storm reached the height of its vindictiveness yesterday afternoon. Several buildings were undermined and hurled into the ocean, including the Pier Theatre, a structure which seated 1,500 persons. Only four piles remain standing of the foundation of this structure. The Kiely cottage, a fourteen room structure at Arverne apartments, containing 110 rooms, collapsed into a pile of kindling. None of these buildings was occupied.

Two hundred bath houses in Arverne were carried out to sea, the Vendome bath houses were undermined and are expected to collapse and Bibo's hotel, one of the largest structures on the Long Island coast is believed to be doomed.

Pleasure craft hauled on the shore for the winter were lifted up and dashed to pieces on the sand or carried out to sea.

For the first time in thirty years the waters of the Atlantic and the Great South Bay united at Amityville. The water completely covered the 300 foot strip of land at Hemlock Beach, carrying away a dozen bath houses.

In the face of a cold wind and unmerciful of a light fall of snow, thousands from New York City and all parts of New Jersey yesterday visited the coast towns, the largest number going to Seabright, where waters three and four feet deep ran through some of the streets, with the rise and fall of the tide. Armed guards were stationed in the ocean-swept streets to prevent stealing and protect property from souvenir hunters.

Shipping in New York harbor suffered when the storm that began on Saturday continued with the wind blowing at a terrific rate and gusts of driving wind, rain and snow. Some of the craft met with serious damage, six coal barges were sunk off Staten Island and shipping was practically at a standstill.

(UNCLE) BOB DEAD.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Robert B. Hamilton, aged 70, familiarly known as "Uncle" Bob, who saw service under Admiral Farragut, and who received the personal praise of President Abe Lincoln for his bravery, died here yesterday after a long illness. He and his wife, Josephine Hamilton, who died New Year's night, will be buried at Arlington National cemetery tomorrow, with their six sons acting as pall bearers.

RESULT OF MONEY TRUST INVESTIGATION SEEN IN ACTION OF MORGAN FIRM MEMBERS



Washington, Jan. 5.—The resignation of five important members of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Company from the directorates of many large corporations in which they have held dominant power for years was looked on in Washington as nothing less than the direct consequence of the money trust investigation last year by the House banking and currency committee.

This decision is of the greatest importance to the militia as well as to the government because few, if any of the state national guard organizations are now able to meet the requirements and if the government is to be able to make use of the militia in an emergency, there must be a sweeping change in the state organizations or a radical modification of the existing militia law.

When the Dick militia act became effective in 1908 a period of five years was allowed within which the militia of the states was to reorganize to conform to regular army standards.

BURGLARS RAID MR. MINOR'S FLAT IN CLEVELAND

In a raid by burglars of the apartments of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Minor (Helen Kinney) of Cleveland, O., the former Newark people lost nearly \$400 worth of silver, cut glass and jewelry, most of which were wedding presents to Mrs. Minor on the occasion of her marriage to Mr. Minor last summer. Besides the loss sustained by the Minor's, their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Hal Lauritson of California, who are spending their honeymoon in the East, also lost jewelry and wedding presents valued at about the same amount.

Mr. and Mrs. Minor and their guests were absent from the flat for a short time Friday night attending a dinner party. Mr. Minor's mother, who occupies apartments in the same building, discovered the rear door of the Minor apartment open, and summoning the janitor, an investigation was made.

They found that the apartments had been completely ransacked and that a large quantity of valuable silver and jewelry was missing. Mr. and Mrs. Minor and Mr. and Mrs. Lauritson were notified at once and hurried home to make a thorough investigation.

The city of Cleveland has been in a state of terror for the past month or more because of a wave of crime which has swept the city. Holdups, burglaries, assaults and robberies of every description have been nightly occurrences.

The loss sustained by Mr. and Mrs. Minor is protected by burglary insurance, though many of the articles had a sentimental value which could not be secured.

Shipping in New York harbor suffered when the storm that began on Saturday continued with the wind blowing at a terrific rate and gusts of driving wind, rain and snow. Some of the craft met with serious damage, six coal barges were sunk off Staten Island and shipping was practically at a standstill.

POLICE AFTER AUTOS WITH NO REAR LIGHTS

Police Chief Sheridan is after the owners of automobiles who persist in disregarding the state law which requires all automobiles to carry a light attached to the rear of the machine. In a statement to the Advocate Monday, the chief said that a number of violations of this character have been reported in the past few days. The loss due regard is given to this provision of the law, some of the owners and drivers will find themselves in the custody of a policeman.

DIED AT 105

Norwalk, Conn., Jan. 5.—John Weeks, aged 105 years, and the oldest man in New England, died today at the home of a nephew in the outskirts of the city. He was born at Fordham, N. Y., in June, 1808.

KILLED BY TRAIN

Lima, Jan. 5.—Because he did not notice the approach of a train at the Metcalfe street crossing of the Erie railroad here today, Wm. E. Beach, refinery employee, was struck and instantly killed on his way to work.

GENERAL TO REMAIN AT POSTS

State They Will Die Rather Than Desert Ojinaga Fortifications

POSITION IMPREGNABLE

Is Belief of Generals Castro and Salazar of the Federal Forces—Dead Soldiers are Lying Unburied.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

Ojinaga, Jan. 5.—(Via Army Line to Marfa)—All doubt as to the intention of the northern division of the Mexican federal army to defeat the rebels or stay here until every soldier is dead was dispelled by General Francisco Castro, leader of the general federal troops and Gen. Salazar, commander of the federal volunteers in interviews at headquarters today.

Retreat of federal soldiers across the border to the United States territory would be induced only by some unexpected event, according to the two commanders, and even if at all soldiers deserted, the generals say they would remain to die at their posts.

"It is thought that we came to Ojinaga so that if we were pursued by Villa's rebels we could step across the border," said General Castro, "such a plan was preposterous. Our forces evacuated Chihuahua because we had been isolated there. We had no way to obtain money to pay the soldiers who remained loyal to General Huerta, and we had no means of communicating with the war department at Mexico City. Our duty was to open a line of communication with the government and escort from Chihuahua City, citizens who feared they would be murdered by Villa. We selected Ojinaga because it is one of the best natural fortifications in the world. It also offered a source of communication with Mexico City as well as a port through which we might import provisions. Our position here is impregnable. We have ample stores of ammunition and more than fifty field pieces. Our losses have been greatly under those of the rebels.

Ortega, who came to attack us on orders from Villa thought his presence would cause us to flee to the United States. He was surprised when we resisted him. Our 4,000 loyal soldiers, because of our superior fortifications, are able to resist 10,000 rebels and there are not that many rebels in the north."

General Castro's interview was given in a quaint plaster house on the plaza which has been under almost continuous fire for a week. As he talked, the cannoneading and rattle of infantry of General Ortega's rebel army to the west of the village was audible.

A short time later bursting shrapnel was scattering a shower of bullets about the village.

Dead soldiers lying unburied in the outer trenches and hundreds of living soldiers on duty for a week without sleep were some of the scenes witnessed today in an inspection of this frontier village, 67 miles from a railroad which has become the battle ground of a possible final conflict for the possession of the north. So far neither side has made material headway except in the drain on the federal ammunition by the rebels. A few of the adobe houses used as federal fortresses have been demolished but the damage to fortifications made of dirt has been casual.

Despite assurances of General Castro and Salazar that the federals had no design to flee to the United States in case of utter defeat, the United States army patrol did not slacken its precautions taken with that emergency. Already about 500 federal deserters have escaped and either have been disarmed or sent back, some having escaped into Texas.

FEDERATION TO CONSIDER THE COPPER STRIKE

Chicago, Jan. 5.—A meeting of the executive committee of the American Federation of Labor at Washington at which the copper strike in Michigan will be considered will be called by Samuel Gompers, president of the organization.

This was learned from Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners here today. He was asked concerning rumors that an attempt would be made to call a nation wide strike in sympathy with the Michigan and Colorado miners. "Any such demand must be made on the American Federation of Labor," he replied, apparently quoting his words carefully. "If such a thing is considered it would be considered by that body."

CAN FEDERAL LEAGUE COMMAND A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF HIGH CLASS PLAYERS TO FURNISH HIGH GRADE BALL?

Enormous Expense of Building New Plants Must Also Be Met and Cities Comprising League are Widely Separated—Schedule of the Local High School Basketball Team—Sport Notes.

(BY J. A. WARD.) The baseball public all over this fair country of ours is crazy, at present and will continue not to be responsible for their actions for the next month, although this acute state of mental indisposition is not unusual for the baseball world, the extreme excitement of the sporting world has developed to a higher and more radical stage than ever before in recent times.

Ever since the baseball world was electrified by the recent announcement in New York by James A. Gilmore, President of the Federal League, that Joseph Tinker and Mordicai Brown, had accepted offers from the outlaws to manage the St. Louis and Chicago teams of that league, a general discussion of the prospects for the success of the new organization has been current throughout the country.

The object of the Federals at the present seems to be an attempt to secure a few stars from the Majors, who will aid materially in drawing crowds to the ball parks due to their past reputations made by their performances as members of the noted ball teams throughout the country. The name of Tinker and Brown will help to draw a large number to the games, which will be played in cities, where they are widely known, but they alone can not assure the financial success of the scheme, as it takes an almost inconceivable amount of money to support our large ball clubs of the present day.

The ultimate success of the new league hinges almost entirely upon, whether a sufficient number of high class players can be secured to furnish a high grade of ball, which will garner the attention of the public from the outset. If they can do this they will at least have the satisfaction of dividing the profits with their competitors.

But the initial expenses of putting the outlaws on their feet will be enormous and it will be a matter of conjecture whether they will be situated in a position to withstand the enormous debt, they have incurred to furnish high class ball. Last year, to be sure, the Federal operated throughout the year, but what kind of ball did they furnish? The quality of ball, furnished was decidedly inferior to that of the two major leagues or even that of the associations. This season the newcomers will have some added expenses that should cause them no little worry over their financial condition. New ball parks must be provided, of such character as to permit them to stand comparison with the fine parks of the majors, guarantees that have been promised to cautious players, will have to be met, some of the teams have announced that they will go south to train, which will be a heavy item and numerous other expenses which will total a considerable sum.

The conditions are not similar today to those, which prevailed when the American and National leagues were fighting for supremacy. Then baseball was in its infancy; the large cities of the country had baseball only half of the time, and there was a continual struggle between the opposing organizations, until an agreement was reached, which afforded continual ball for the cities due to the arrangement of the schedules. Today we have a greater problem for the Federals to solve than was solved by present organizations in their early days.

Otto Stiefel, a very wealthy brewer of St. Louis, is reported to be the "life insurance" of the Federals. He furnished large sums for the St. Louis team of last year and permitted his name to become publicly connected with the club. It is noise about, that he has threatened to withdraw the services of his gold and at a meeting of the magnates in St. Louis recently he became disgusted with the situation of things and said he was through with the league. This caused supreme consternation among the directors who were present and it was only after some strong arguing that he was persuaded to withhold his resignation.

However if the outlaws succeed in bucking the American and National Leagues they will have accomplished something highly commendable.

B. Johnson expressed his belief recently that the new league would do more than anything else to revolutionize modern baseball and place it on a firmer foundation. He thinks that outside opposition would culminate in decreasing the salaries of players in the major which he believes at present are excessive.

The cities also of the Federals are widely separated; from Toledo to Kansas City will make a longer jump than in the major's. Also it was declared by the secretary of the New York Club that the Giants lost money on their long western hikes last year; and if this be true of the giants, located in the best baseball city in the country, what will happen to the Peds, when these long trips are made?

Also it has been announced that the price of admission to games will be cut to twenty-five cents. The magnates, headed by James A. Gorman, believe that the lower rates will help to attract the people; this may be true to a limited extent but will only secure the attention of a certain small class, and nothing highly remunerative can be developed from such a plan.

There should be ample room in this country for three major leagues

should have an outside game before the curtain raiser was played with Wooster at Wooster on Saturday evening. This will give the team a chance to correct a few minor faults and to secure better passwork before the first conference contest with Wooster.

and it undoubtedly would add infinitely to the interest of the public, as the competition would be greater. The eyes of the fans will be centered, for the next two or three months, on the Federals until the opening of the American and National leagues demand closer observation.

LOCAL BASKETBALL SQUAD WORKING AT THE ARMORY

The local high school basketball squad is working overtime every afternoon in the Armory. There is only one veteran in school, all the others having graduated last summer. Coach Millisor announces, that although the team will be green this season, they will give any team in the state a hard tussle for the decision. About twenty-five candidates are out and the coach expects to have some trouble in making a selection, as the men are fighting hard, and it will be hard to make a choice.

"Dutch" Summers, who was elected to captain the quintet this year, is not in school at present but it is expected that he will return in time for the opening contest. He played an exceptionally fine game at guard last



COACH LOYD MILLISOR.

of the Newark High basketball squad. He is having troubles developing a team this year as there is only one veteran in school, but there is plenty of good material to choose from.

year and will be needed this season to steady the green material, as well as to shoot a few baskets when the occasion demands. Summers received a slight injury during the football game with North High school at Columbus, which kept him out of the game for a short time, but he has fully recovered and is in fine fettle for the approaching basketball season.

The material, although it is green, has been making rapid strides in the past three weeks under the efficient instruction of Coach Millisor, who has had considerable experience with local basketball teams since he has been connected with the high school here. He has developed a number of successful teams and this year is not expected to prove an exception to his past record.

Games will be played in the Armory, which has been equipped for the purpose and will accommodate in the neighborhood of 500 spectators, if the occasion demands.

An excellent schedule has been arranged by Manager Fred Nehls with the assistance of Coach Millisor. The first game will be played here with the Alumni on next Friday evening.

The schedule:

Jan. 9—Alumni.

Jan. 16—Mt. Vernon at Mt. Vernon.

Jan. 23—Lancaster at Newark.

Jan. 30—Delaware at Delaware.

Feb. 6—Mt. Vernon at Newark.

Feb. 13—Lancaster at Lancaster.

Feb. 20—Delaware at Newark.

Feb. 27—Zanesville at Zanesville.

March 6 and 7—State Tournament at Delaware.

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COLUMBUS TEAM WILL PLAY THE DENISON BOYS

Granville, Jan. 5.—The fast Capitol University squad of Columbus will initiate the basketball season at Granville Thursday evening, with Coach Livingston's fast aggregation, which is generally conceded by those in close touch with athletics at Denison, to be the finest combination that has ever represented the Baptist institution in the indoor game. The most successful season that Denison has ever experienced is expected and the students are anxiously awaiting the opening of the season.

Capitol U., although they are not very prominent in other major branches of college sport, always had the reputation of developing a fine basketball team. The Columbus quintet has played a few of the local schools in the city with satisfactory results, and will have a slight advantage over Denison, who has not played a game with an outside team.

As Capitol is not in the Ohio Conference, this game will not count in figuring the percentage at the end of the year. It was thought best by Coach Livingston that the Baptists

should have an outside game before the curtain raiser was played with Wooster at Wooster on Saturday evening. This will give the team a chance to correct a few minor faults and to secure better passwork before the first conference contest with Wooster.

Miss Bell was a regular chatterbox. She couldn't understand the wide gulf separating officer from private, but in ignorance thought a soldier was a soldier, no matter whether he carried a saber or a sword. Being left alone with Sergeant Larkins for a few moments while the captain sent off a telegram for her, she did not hesitate to chatter away as if they had been formally introduced and had met before, and this action of hers was to have a strange bearing on after events. After a couple of days we noticed a change in Sergeant Larkins.

He was a young man of thirty, well educated and evidently something above the common, and there were rumors that his father was a wealthy New Yorker and that the son had entered the army because of a quarrel between them. I repeat that we saw a change in him, and pretty soon it came to us that he had fallen in love with Miss Bell at first sight.

I have this information from Ned Hanlon, part owner of the Baltimore franchise and I am sure that it is true," declared Gilmore in an interview. It is also reported that Knabe has signed a Federal contract.

Clark Griffith disagrees with Ban Johnson on the subject that there should be a rule, which would prohibit a pitcher from intentionally walking the batter if he happens to be a dangerous hitter up with a man on base, it is very difficult to see any favorable features to Mr. Johnson's idea, and what is more if such a rule would be made it would take some of the strategy out of the game and cause the great American sport to be come more or less mechanical.

Great rejoicing is being evinced by the golf enthusiasts throughout the country since it has been announced that the cost of the elusive little golf ball has been reduced from \$9 to \$5.50 a dozen. The announcement was made by Robert Watson, president of the United States Golf association after a confab with a leading manufacturer. This should assure the re-election of Mr. Watson by a unanimous vote when the time comes.

TRAP SHOOTERS TO HAVE CRACK AT CLAY BIRDS

Trap shooting at clay birds has been rather dormant for several years but Dan Coffman proposes to revive it and has arranged for a shoot in the West End in the vicinity of the Blair Auto truck company along the Penney tracks, Thursday beginning at 9 a. m. and lasting all day. To make it interesting a number of turkeys, ducks and chickens will be awarded to those making the best scores. Trap shooters are cleaning and oiling their guns and no doubt a large crowd will be present to enjoy the shoot.

Father of Parcel Post Favors Government Telegraph Lines Now



David J. Lewis, member of the House of Representatives from Maryland, has introduced a bill for the government ownership of telegraph and telephone lines. He was the author of the bill for the parcels post, which now works successfully.

This action was taken by the Maryland congressman following the announcement by Attorney-General McReynolds that an arrangement had been made by him and officials of the American Telephone company for it to give up its stock in the Western Union company. The ownership of Western Union stock by the telephone company was believed to be in violation of the Sherman act, but the attorney general and President Wilson undertook a peaceful settlement in preference to a fight in the courts.

The bill of Mr. Lewis is in line with the report of Postmaster-General Burleson, who advocated government ownership of the wires. Dispatches from Washington, however, indicate that the President will not endorse the recommendations of his cabinet officer.

Continued.

"Did you come back on an a street train?"

When the waiters and porters finished plucking me, I felt sure a was Birmingham Age-Herald.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take LAXATIVE, BROMO, QUININ, &c. Druggists reform more of this to cure E. W. GROVES' signs. Price is on each box. 25c.

One thing about ice is that it is never selling like hot cakes.

The Sergeant's Promotion

By M. QUAD

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It may have been known among the officers that she was coming—a blue eyed, fair haired girl of eighteen from the east named Miss Bell—but the first we heard of it was when we went to the depot as an escort.

Miss Bell was a regular chatterbox. She couldn't understand the wide gulf separating officer from private, but in ignorance thought a soldier was a soldier, no matter whether he carried a saber or a sword. Being left alone with Sergeant Larkins for a few moments while the captain sent off a telegram for her, she did not hesitate to chatter away as if they had been formally introduced and had met before, and this action of hers was to have a strange bearing on after events. After a couple of days we noticed a change in Sergeant Larkins.

He was a young man of thirty, well educated and evidently something above the common, and there were rumors that his father was a wealthy New Yorker and that the son had entered the army because of a quarrel between them. I repeat that we saw a change in him, and pretty soon it came to us that he had fallen in love with Miss Bell at first sight.

Miss Bell had been at the fort about a month when the Sioux on the reservation began to make trouble, and the Indian police reported that a number of them had broken away and were marauding in the foothills. Such stories were always afloat, and no credence was given them until some deed of violence had been committed. It had been planned by half a dozen officers and their wives to hold a picnic at the falls of Buffalo river, and so Sergeant Larkins and the same half dozen of us were again detailed. It was twelve miles to the falls, and the picnickers were loaded into two ambulances. There were five officers, seven ladies and three children, and the escort was ordered to keep them in sight.

From the first Sergeant Larkins sat apart from us and seemed moody and taciturn. There was no question but that jealousy was at work, and he hadn't the strength of mind to throw it off and realize the situation. We had many a wink and laugh at his expense, and yet we felt to pity him. We had been told to go up for the empty baskeets at 4 o'clock, and the hour had just gone 2 when a fusillade of revolver shots, followed by the warwhoops of Indians, jumped every man to his feet. Ten seconds later we were following the sergeant up the gorge, and in five minutes we came upon the women and children hidden away among the rocks and stricken with terror. A quarter of an hour before the five officers had caught sight of a cub bear on the other side of the falls. They had gone upstream a few rods and crossed on a log, but the shots we heard had not been fired at the cub. A band of twenty or more renegades who were hiding in the foothills had discovered the picnickers half an hour before and were planning a wipeout of every soul when the officers moved. They played right into the hands of the red men. In their chase after the cub they left the falls half a mile behind, and as they came slowly back they found the Indians confronting them. There was but one course—to make a dash for it—and it was gallantly done. The Indians were too strong and too well posted, however. A lieutenant was dropped dead in his tracks and a major and a captain wounded.

The first move on our part, seeing that the women and children were safe, was to secure cover behind the boulders and open fire on the Indians. They had counted on a sure thing, and their yell of rage when they knew of our presence were loud and long. We had them between two fires, and yet so well were they sheltered that they had no means of knowing that they had only two unwounded men in front of them, armed with revolvers. The women told us about the officers going away in a body; but, although there had been severe firing, we hoped none of them had been hit. After we had fired three or four rounds apiece the sergeant called out to know how it was with the officers. The major answered, giving the names of the killed and wounded. Three of the five were behind the same boulder and could use their revolvers. It was a curious position in which the three parties were placed, but as the Indians were in such a strong force they could defend their front and rear at the same time. If we left cover to cross the creek we would be exposed to certain death. If they left cover to attack the camp we had only to shoot them down. What we feared was that they would get out of the trap by dashing upon the officers in front or work to the left and finally take them in the rear.

We solved the difficulty by sending one man back to the post for reinforcements, while we held the Indians off with our fire. When the new troops came up we drove the Indians off and got the women and children and wounded officers safely out of it. It was generally conceded that Sergeant Larkins had put up the best fight of any officer or enlisted man. The colonel recommended him for promotion and then the secret came out that he had not only got a commission, but had got Miss Bell. But the best part of it was that Larkins was worth half a million in his own right.

Continued.

"Did you come back on an a street train?"

When the waiters and porters finished plucking me, I felt sure a was Birmingham Age-Herald.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Take LAXATIVE, BROMO, QUININ, &c. Druggists reform more of this to cure E. W. GROVES' signs. Price is on each box. 25c.

One thing about ice is that it is never selling like hot cakes.

Coats And Suits At Half-Price And Less

Recognized By All As the Real Value Event

Coats Divided In Two Lots—Here's How They Go

\$12.50	\$7.85	\$20.00
\$15.00		\$25.00
\$16.75		\$30.00
\$17.50		\$35.00
COATS		COATS

ANY SUIT IN THE STORE AT HALF-PRICE

\$12.50 LADIES' SUITS	\$6.25	\$20.00 LADIES' SUITS
\$15.00 LADIES' SUITS	\$7.50	\$22.50 LADIES' SUITS
\$17.50 LADIES' SUITS	\$8.75	\$25.00 LADIES' SUITS
\$18.75 LADIES' SUITS	\$9.38	\$27.50 LADIES' SUITS

FUR PIECES AND SETS GO AT 33 1/3 PER CENT DISCOUNT

T. L. DAVIES
LEADER IN QUALITY AND LOW PRICES.</

They Come, They Saw, They Bought

The first deluge--following the most voluminous trade that ever greeted our famous
20% Reduction Sale

Cornell Suits and Overcoats at \$10 and \$15 represent values so great that these garments in connection with our manufacturers outlet sale enables us to sell you a Suit and Overcoat made to sell at \$18, \$20, \$22.50 and \$25.00.

**Now
Includes
Everything**

\$8 and \$12

Come in and let us convince you.

CORNELL

29 SOUTH PARK

29 SOUTH PARK

CARROLL'S

INTRODUCTORY SALE
 NEW *Nemo* DUPLEX SELF-REDUCING CORSETS

EVERY YEAR there's something even better in Nemo Corsets. Just now we have an Introductory Sale of the **BEST NEMO YET** for stout and full figures. It's the brand-new Nemo—



Has improved Self-Reducing front that gives fine abdominal support. The great new feature is an arrangement of semi-elastic bands at the back, extending far below ends of back steels, which give a charming rounded figure and the utmost ease in any position.

No. 327—low bust \$3.00
 No. 328—medium \$3.00

We don't see how it's possible to sell such good corsets for so low a price; but they're here—and we want you to see them.

Something Wrong

By F. A. MITCHEL

"The country's going to the dominion bowwows!"

"What's the matter now, old man?"

"Why, this income tax is an outrage. They allow a married man a \$4,000 exception and a single man only \$3,000. We poor bachelors are doomed to live alone. We have no home, no wife, no children. Our expenses are necessarily higher than those of a married man, who doesn't have to belong to a club and spend the money that is an essential of the bachelor state. Notwithstanding all this, I, who have an income of \$4,000, have to pay a tax on \$1,000, while the married man with the same amount goes scot-free. It's an outrage."

"If you prefer the married man's place, why don't you take a wife?"

"By Jove, I believe I'll do it! Just to get ahead of the government."

This dialogue took place between Dick Ryerson and Arnold Thurston, bachelors, in the Calumet Club one morning after the first publication of the terms of the income tax. The complainant, Ryerson, though his income was all expended on himself, had a hard time making ends meet, and any reduction of the amount whatever was liable to upset his financial calculations.

"In order to beat 'em," Thurston replied to the last remark, "you'll have to marry a girl without more than \$1,000 a year. Anything over that will be combined with your own income and must pay a tax."

"I don't suppose the only girl in the world I want has a cent of income. I can write her a note asking her about it before I propose."

"That would be a brilliant scheme."

She would probably write back that if you wanted her on a money consideration you could look elsewhere for a wife."

"I won't put it that way. I'll tell her that I don't wish my wife to have any income at all, that she is to rely on me for everything, and if she has no money it's a proposal; if she has, it isn't. See?"

"Oh, yes! See?" doubtfully.

"Well, what do you see?"

"Fireworks."

When an idea gets into the head of a confirmed bachelor, especially as to matrimony, no one can tell just what he will do. Mr. Ryerson did just what he had said he would do and without the expected fireworks. Miss Engleheart, to whom he made the singular conditional proposition, was rather pleased with it. She wrote the proposer that since she came within his conditions—conditions which she considered worthy of a manly man—she accepted his proposal.

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THE NEWARK ADVOCATE

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G. H. Spencer..... Manager
J. H. Newton..... Editor

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PUBLISHERS' ASSOCIATION
MEMBER SELECT LIST OF OHIO DAILY NEWSPAPERS.

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U. O. Stevens..... Arcade
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On Second Thought

Uncle Walt

The barber shop is no longer one of the essentials. Interest in the game is so universal that a man can talk baseball anywhere.

As a general thing the man who wants to borrow \$2 will take 25 cents rather than abandon the transaction.

The Lord made the string bean, but man is responsible for the offense of preserving it in cans.

J. Miller is quoted as saying Hamlet is the worst of the late Mr. Shakespeare's plays. But it is Buck Kilby's notion that Hamlet is not more painful than any of the other well known Shakespearean bills.

Not all of your sympathy should be expended on the poor and unfortunate. Pity also the man who succeeds to the management of a baseball team which won a pennant last year.

Maturity is willing to wait. But youth wants its Christmas presents on the preceding Fourth of July.

A Chicago newspaper refers to "one of Jack Johnson's friends." It was not generally believed he had that many.

If it is something his wife doesn't want the husband buys it for her Christmas present.

The postcard has its uses. For those who merely wish to say "Having a good time; wish you were here," it probably is the most convenient form of long distance communication.

CIVIL SERVICE
EMPLOYEES MUST
TABOO POLITICS

(Copyright 1913 by G. M. Adams)

THE OUTCAST.

Some of our good friends think it is a mistake to pick up the wretched outcasts who have got among modern thieves unless first we get them to a church or a sacrament or the penitent form. Even then some would wait till they had been tested a little, lest they should seem to run after the leaves and fishes. * * * But the army is striving to find and feed and shelter the least, the weakest and the wickedest of those lost and ruined images of God. Nothing shall turn us aside from seeking them. It is our proper work because it was and is our Master's. And just as he died for all, so in its works of mercy and charity the army does all it can for all who suffer without stopping to inquire whether they are good or bad and without insisting that they should make a profession of religion or promise to join our ranks. Our business is to do good to all men—General Bramwell Booth, Salvation Army.

A copy of the warning has been ordered furnished to every person appointed under the civil service rules and in order that executive departments may be assured that none has been uninformed, a blank receipt is attached. This is to be signed by the individual employee and submitted to their respective bureau chiefs, who, in turn are ordered to forward it to the deports for purpose of record.

ENGINEER RUN DOWN: KILLED.
Toledo, Jan. 5.—Herman Raiz, night engineer at the Lake Shore roundhouse, was struck by a Lake Shore passenger train and instantly killed Sunday evening. Raiz was on his way to work when the accident occurred.

MAN FOUND DEAD IN BED.
Marysville, Jan. 5.—Frank Michaels, aged 50, residing near Catawba Station, was found dead in bed Sunday. Heart disease was the cause of his death.

Mrs. Hannah Greensides of New York on her ninety-ninth birthday calculated that she had slept 365,000 hours of her life away.

Jan. 5 In American History.
1770—Stephen Decatur, commodore U. S. N., born in Maryland; killed in a duel with Commodore Barron, a fellow officer, in 1820.
1801—Emus Abbott, prima donna, died; born 1849.
1913—Dr. Lewis Swift, noted astronomer, died at Marathon, N. Y.; born 1820.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.
Evening stars: Mars, Saturn. Morning stars: Mercury, Jupiter, Venus. The great square of Pegasi in merid ion due south, high up, about 5 p. m.

STENOGRAPHERS
BADLY WANTED
BY GOVERNMENT

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM
Washington, Jan. 5.—Uncle Sam is urgently in need of competent male stenographers and typewriters. In fact, the demand far exceeds the supply.

In an effort to supply the government's needs, the Civil Service Commission announces that examinations will be held in the larger cities of the country Jan. 27. In this connection, the commission calls attention to the fact that notwithstanding its efforts, it has been unable to secure a sufficient number of male stenographers and typewriters eligible to meet the needs of the service in the departments at Washington.

While the entrance salaries for short hand writers is small, ranging from \$540 to \$600 a year, the opportunities for promotion are reasonably rapid for those who merit it.

No, Maude, dear, nautical speaking, there is no similarity between an ocean greyhound and a whale.

Nell—"He said my voice had the flexibility of a violin." Belle—"Maybe he was hinting to be your beau."

Wisdom from Washington

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Jan. 5.—[Special]—President Wilson has promised another message on anti-trust legislation, and although Vice President Marshall has said that none is needed and there are others who believe that the trusts are being brought under control by the attorney general, still the fact remains that the president is the person to decide what shall be done. His control is absolute. If he says there must be trust legislation this congress will put it through. There never was a congress as firmly in the hands of the president as the present. It is because the people believe in Wilson. In all probability we will have a message on trusts and trust legislation. At least no one has seen anything which indicates that the president will change his mind.

Printing Speeches.

Possibly one reason why Oscar W. Underwood is able to control affairs in the house is because he seems to have the habit of saying the sensible thing. Just before the recess members of the house were sparring over the matter of "leave to print" speeches on the currency bill. Finally Underwood said: "I have always believed that it is a very proper thing for members of this house to communicate to their constituents their views on legislative questions that come before the house, and I do not think the printing of speeches on actual legislative matters is a bad habit at all."

And the house agreed with him, and ample time was granted for preparing and publishing speeches on the currency bill as passed. Only by the "leave to print" method could all the members get their views in the Record.

Want to Dodge.

There is an indication of a desire to dodge responsibility on the pending woman suffrage proposition in the house, which just now is the demand of the suffragists for a committee on woman suffrage. "Why not give it to 'em?" asked one Democratic member of prominence. "It will mean nothing. It doesn't commit us to anything, and it's a good way out."

But the anti-suffragists oppose that idea, because they say the creation of a committee will be hailed as a victory by the suffragists, and, while it will not pass the resolution which the suffragists are asking, it will encourage the suffragists in other parts of the country. It is quite a ticklish matter for a number of statesmen who have strong organizations on both sides in their districts.

More Statistics.

Efforts are being made to compile more statistics about the high cost of living. Incidentally it has been shown that the United States produced some ten or more billions' worth of food last year than the year before. But the trouble seems to be that the people cannot live on these figures, although they are being fed on them.

Notice Pending.

"Aside from the fact that our short vacation closes, we are looking forward to the reassembling of congress without much pleasure and very little hope," remarked a member of the senate. "You see," he added, by way of explanation. "Charlie Thomas has a notice of a speech pending. In fact, he always has such a notice, though why it is necessary I do not know. He can talk and does talk whenever he feels like it anyway."

And that is one kind of reputation a man may achieve in the senate. It is a place where men can talk, and quite a number take advantage of the privilege.

For Perkins' Successor.

After twenty years Senator Perkins is to retire as a senator from California. A broken, feeble old man he is now, though he was for many years a strong, forceful figure in the senate. His retirement has created a condition on the Pacific coast which can be termed a "scramble." All the ambitious and hopeful men in the three big parties—Republican, Progressive and Democratic—are laying plans to get the tuga. And those who may be shut out of the senatorship are figuring on the governorship. The indications are that these high offices are very alluring to the people of California.

Generous Government.

One complaint of western men about the administration of the national forests is that miners and settlers are deprived of the use of timber which they need and which they cannot afford to buy under the forest conditions in a statement recently issued the forest service asserts that during the last year the government gave away to settlers and miners living in or near the national forests 120,000,000 board feet of timber. While that may not satisfy the western men who want the forest areas reduced, it will go to show that people in need of timber can obtain it from the government reserves.

Many a fellow makes a good impression without making good.

SAMPLE FREE

In a recent and dry cataract, sneezing, cold, headache, hay fever or allergic cold, resulting from chronic cataract, as in the breathing passages, eyes, nose, etc., and a continual sleep and restlessness. Sputum, sputa and beads the inflamed nostrils. Fine and delicate cataracts, as in the eyes, and chronic cataracts, as in the eyes, are direct, in sanitary tubes only.

No, Maude, dear, nautical speaking, there is no similarity between an ocean greyhound and a whale.

Nell—"He said my voice had the flexibility of a violin." Belle—"Maybe he was hinting to be your beau."

FOR THOSE WHO
WISH TO TEACHQuestions For Applicants For
County Certificates.

EXAMINATION HELD JAN. 3.

Prepared by the State School Commissioner to Test the Mental Qualifications of Those Who Seek Positions as Teachers in the Public Schools.

Following is the list of questions as prepared under direction of the state commissioner of public schools, and submitted at the county examination of teachers Jan. 3, for elementary school certificates:

AGRICULTURE.

1. What are the most valuable farm crops of the community in which you live? How do the farmers dispose of their corn?

2. What determines the proper time for sowing wheat? What advantages are there in sowing wheat early? In sowing wheat late?

3. Can you depend upon apples, peaches and potatoes coming true from seed? Discuss this question in full.

4. Write briefly of the process of gathering a crop of clover seed. What conditions are necessary to the development of a good clover seed production?

5. Describe in full a good plan for testing seed corn.

6. Write briefly on "The Value of Corn Growing Contests among the Boys and Girls of Ohio." In writing point out the arguments against such contests.

7. How should barnyard manure be cared for to prevent losses from leaching; from fermentation, and from escape of liquid portion?

8. What are the most destructive diseases of the growing potato? What other enemies lessen the yield of the potato crop?

ARITHMETIC.

1. Hay is quoted in Cincinnati at 19 dollars per ton. A farmer has the following expenses per ton: \$1.50 for balancing, \$1.50 for hauling, \$1 for freight, \$1 for weighing and inspection, and 50¢ for commission. What per cent of the market price does the farmer net per ton?

2. At the age of 21 a man takes out a \$1000 life insurance policy at an annual premium of \$28.28, on the 20-year payment life plan. Counting simple interest on each payment from the date of paying to the end of the twenty years, find the amount of the twenty premiums at 6%.

3. Gunpowder is composed of nitre, charcoal and sulphur in the proportion of 38, 7, and 5. How many pounds of sulphur in 180 pounds of powder?

4. A town is situated on the meridian 83° west of Greenwich. Calculate the difference between standard time of the town and local time at the same place. (Sun time). Is its standard time slower or faster, and why?

5. The average depth of a certain rainfall was .25 of an inch ($\frac{1}{4}$ inch). What weight of water fell on a lot in the form of an equilateral triangle 40 rods on a side, if water weighs 1000 oz. per cubic ft.?

6. A certain county has a tax duplicate of 25 million dollars. If supervision of schools in this county would cost \$3000 what increase would this item make in the tax rate in mills per dollar?

7. A real estate broker sold 100 acres of land at \$75 an acre, charging 1½% commission. He invested the proceeds in railroad stock at a commission of 7%. What was his total commission?

8. If a man plows 12 acres of corn in 6 days of 10 hours each, how many acres should he plow in 16 days of 8 hours each?

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

Based in part on Milner's "The Teacher".

1. Name three or more of the modern methods of teaching beginners to read. Describe briefly the method that you use.

2. What things must a teacher know before she can assign a lesson? Suppose your 6th grade class in geography is to take up the study of Africa. Indicate your method of assigning the first lesson.

3. Suppose a boy ten years old, the son of a prominent citizen, tells you "I don't do it," when you have given him some directions for work. What are you going to do about it?

4. Should the curriculum and method of teaching be the same in the rural and the urban school? Explain fully.

5. What is "The Ohio School Survey"? In what way has it touched your community? Do you believe in the supervision of rural schools? Why?

6. Name some natural punishments: some artificial punishments. When should a child be punished? Who is Madam Montessori?

7. What were the purposes and results of the Educational Congress that was held at Columbus, Ohio, December 5th and 6th, 1913?

8. What parts of Milner's "The Teacher" do you find most helpful to you as teacher? Quote at least three definite statements from this book.

UNITED STATES HISTORY,
(Including Civil Government)

1. Name five provisions of the Treaty of 1783.

2. Show how our country has expanded from the close of the Revolutionary War to the present time. (Omit foreign possessions).

3. Name three important measures passed in Cleveland's first administration, and give substance of each.

4. Why are the battles of Quebec,

Gettysburg, Saratoga and Manila Bay

classed among the decisive battles of the world? Tell what each decided.

5. Explain clearly and fully how amendments to the Constitution of the United States are adopted.

6. Describe the flag of the United States and the flag of Ohio.

7. How are the following officers now

chosen: President of the U. S.? U. S. Senators? Superintendent of Public Instruction of Ohio?

8. Name four noted presidential nominating conventions in our history? Who was the chosen candidate by each?

AGRICULTURE.

1. (a) Were there prize winners from your county on "The Corn Boys' Special to Washington"? (b) Who were they?

(c) What did they do to win a free trip? (d) If they grew corn what was the highest yield secured in your country?

2. Define the following terms used in the study of soils: acid, alkaline, mulch and erosion.

3. (a) What grades in the elementary school study "Third Division" work in Agriculture? (b) Discuss what you consider the most important work in this division as outlined in the "State Course of Study in Elementary Agriculture".

4. (a) What is a lactometer? (b) A Babcock milk tester? (c) What is the specific gravity of milk?

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Society

Mr. and Mrs. Jones entertained with a delightful party during the holidays. The guests were Messrs. and Mesdames Edward Nutter, Edward Nutter and son, Charles Bowman, son and daughter, Clarence Johnson and daughter, Carl Shultz, Nelson Vanatta, Clem Conman, Guy Huffman, Mrs. Clyde Bateman, Mrs. J. P. Lamb, Mrs. Ben Balzer and Miss Mary Balzer.

Miss Helen Lewis delightfully entertained with an evening party at her home in Jacksonstown. The hours were spent in games and contests in which Miss Charlie Beard and Mr. Chadwick were the fortunate contestants.

A delicious luncheon was served the following: Misses Lura and Charlie Bear, Jessie Dushelman, Helen Wallace, Edith Davis, Helen Lewis, Lillian Fields, and Mrs. Glen Lewis; Messrs. Clement Frymire, Kirby Clem, Freeman Dushelman, Alvin Tabler, Ralph Davis, Paul and Chadwin Jury, Sam Davis, Steve Schmitt, Ivan Greene and William Irwin.

The Brightening Circle of The King's Daughters will meet with Lorine Coulter, Tuesday, January 6.

The regular weekly meeting of the Research club which was to have been held on Saturday afternoon, was postponed for one week.

The Tuesday Afternoon Euchre club will not meet with Mrs. Wilhelm this week, but will be postponed for two weeks.

The Independent Thimble Club of Newark Hive, No. 455, will meet with Mrs. Olive Drumm, 399 Eastern avenue Wednesday afternoon.

Of the many delightful meetings of the year held by the Review club none was more thoroughly enjoyed than that of Saturday, when Mrs. Edith Wynne Thomas of Chicago, redeemed a promise made when she was a member of the club to appear before the organization in a musical. The Review club arranged for the program to be given in the First Presbyterian church and extended an invitation to the City Federation of Women's clubs to attend. Mrs. Thomas formerly resided in Newark and she was greeted by a large assembly of club women and friends. Her wonderfully sympathetic lyric soprano voice, if possible, shows even greater value, and beauty since her residence in Chicago, and the program was delightfully varied and the numbers selected carefully.

The program follows:

- 1 At Dawning—Cadmam
- 2 The Merry Lark—Nevin Rose Ryme—Salter
- 3 Mavourneen—Lang
- 4 Irish Folk Song—Foote
- 5 My Laddie—Thayer
- 6 Ballad of the Master and the Trees—Chadwick
- 7 I Wonder if Even the Rose—Salter
- 8 The Captain—Rogers
- 9 The Duckling—Gaynor
- 10 The Chrysanthemum—Salter
- 11 To You—Speaks
- 12 Saids—Watkins
- 13 The Rainbow—Voorhis
- 14 The Rosary

Mrs. Thomas was accompanied to Newark by her sister, Miss Esther Roberts of Columbus. At the conclusion of the program Mrs. Thomas and her sister were entertained at dinner by the club in the church.

The members of the Tuesday Afternoon Bridge club will be entertained at the home of Mrs. W. H. Denius in again chosen as secretary of the body.

Hudson avenue on the club day of this week.

The Ladies Home and Foreign Missionary society of the Woodside Presbyterian church, met with Mrs. E. B. Pratt of Woods avenue, Friday afternoon, with fourteen members and twelve visitors present.

Mrs. Billingsley and the Busy Bee Mission band of the First Presbyterian church were present; also Mrs. Bates and Mr. Wilfred Jones, a student from Wooster, whose parents, Rev. and Mrs. Grant Jones, are missionaries in India.

Mr. Jones gave a very interesting and instructive talk on the people of India, their ways of living, education, conditions, etc. His talk was enjoyed and appreciated by all.

The society adjourned to meet with Mrs. Homer Wells the first Friday in February.

Mrs. Harry Mackenzie entertained a few friends with an informal dinner party at her home in North Fourth street on Sunday evening. The centerpiece and favors were of cut flowers.

The members of the Phototetean club attended the musicale given by the Review club on Saturday afternoon and in the evening business meeting was held at the home of Mrs. P. H. Cosner in West Church street. After a business discussion the following officers of the club were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Mrs. P. H. Cosner.

First Vice President—Mrs. O. M. Burke.

Second vice president—Miss Thora McDonagh.

Recording secretary—Miss Mame Cagney.

Corresponding secretary—Miss Elizabeth King.

Treasurer—Mrs. Thos. Coulter.

Librarian—Mrs. L. R. James.

The executive committee will be elected at a later meeting.

GOT HER THREE WISHES.

But They Sank Her Beneath the Waves of the Social Sea.

The late King Edward of England, while very gracious and genial man, could be very severe with those who overstepped the rules of etiquette, and Frederick Townsend Martin in "Things I Remember" recalls what happened to an American girl who offended him when he was Prince of Wales.

At a society bazaar the winner of a lucky lottery ticket had the privilege of asking three wishes from the Prince of Wales, and fate favored a young lady from the United States.

"What is your first wish?" asked H. R. H.

"Oh, sir; it is to have your photograph."

The prince beamed. "Granted," he said. "And the next?"

"I would like you to bring me the photograph in person."

H. R. H. hesitated, frowned and, recovering from his surprise, answered: "That shall be done. Now, what is the last?"

Never was the truth of the saying so apparent that "fools rush in where angels fear to tread." The young lady disregarded the warning looks from those around her. "The third wish, sir, is that you will present me to the Princess of Wales."

The prince looked at her coldly. "Granted," he said and walked away without a word. The silly girl realized that she had sinned against society, which never forgives fools. She made a hasty exit, and the waves of the social sea closed over her forever.

HERMANN RE-ELECTED.

Cincinnati, Jan. 5.—August Herrmann of Cincinnati was re-elected chairman of the National Baseball commission here today, while John E. Bruce of Cincinnati and St. Louis was again chosen as secretary of the body.

Personal

John Sachs of Columbus was a visitor in Newark on Sunday.

Walter Traxler of Columbus was a visitor in Newark over Sunday.

Carl Dunn of Cleveland is visiting his parents in Buena Vista street.

John Criticos, who has been spending his vacation in Wheeling, W. Va., returned home last night.

Miss Minnie Wallace has returned to her home in Zanesville after being the guest of Miss Eva Bucy.

Dr. William Charlton, who spent New Year's at his home in Philadelphia, returned to Newark today.

Frederick Cross has returned to Akron after visiting his parents in Granville street over the holidays.

Mrs. Frank Egan and daughter, Miss Ethel Egan of Johnstown, have been the guests of Mrs. John Prior.

Mrs. Joseph Caine has returned to her home in Glenwood, Pa., after visiting friends in Newark for a few days.

Mr. James Brown, Mr. Ralph Laughlin and Miss Gladys Laughlin returned to their studies at O. S. U. today.

Mrs. Anthony Wilhelm of Canton, O., is visiting her son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wilhelm of the Urbana Hotel.

Mrs. Susan Kerr, who has been visiting relatives in Newark for several days has returned to her home in Columbus.

Miss Anna Flannigan has returned to her home in West Main street, after visiting her sister in Washington, D. C.

John Baird, who is attending Johns Hopkins Medical School in Baltimore, Md., leaves tonight to resume his studies there.

Mr. and Mrs. John Piatto have returned home after spending the holiday with Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Morgan, at DeBauw Station.

Mr. and Mrs. Riggs of Newark spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Carl Riggs of Sheridan street—Zanesville Times-Recorder.

Miss Mary Miller, who has been spending the holidays with her mother, returned to St. Mary's Academy at Shepard, O., today.

No improvement was noted Saturday in the condition of Mrs. Adam Boner, who has been ill in her home in Second street.

Mrs. C. C. Caley and daughter Marguerite of Hebron have returned home after visiting Mrs. Charles Himes of Garfield avenue.

Mr. Edward Bowman of Zanesville is very ill with typhoid pneumonia, but his many friends here will be glad to learn of improvement.

Mrs. Lida Warner has returned to her home in Croton after a pleasant visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Swisher of Day avenue.

Mrs. D. N. Skinner, 128 Seventh street, is quite ill with pneumonia and Mr. Skinner is also confined to the house by an attack of the disease.

William Cosner, son of Dr. and Mrs. P. H. Cosner, returns to Bedford City, Va., this evening to take up his studies at Randolph-Macon College.

Mrs. Fred Severance and two daughters, Mattie and Ruth, and Mrs. Charles Spencer of Columbus have returned home after a few days' visit with Mrs. H. E. Wilson of South Fifth street.

Mr. David Benner, who is attending the Cincinnati College of Dentistry, has returned to his studies after spending the holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Benner, of east of this city.

Mr. and Mrs. William Manuel and children Dorothy and Mary Virginia have returned to their home in Grand Rapids after spending the holidays with Mrs. Manuel's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kates of North Fourth street.

Mrs. E. A. Richardson.

Mrs. E. A. Richardson died at her home, 127 Riley street, Sunday night at 8:48 o'clock, after an illness of only four days with peritonitis. Mrs. Richardson was born 23 years ago and spent her childhood in Lima, O. The family came to Newark twelve years ago. Mr. Richardson is employed at the Wehrle plant as a moulder.

The funeral service will be conducted by Rev. M. Lamp, in Pine Street chapel, where Mrs. Richardson held membership. The service will be held at 1:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, and interment will be made in Cedar Hill cemetery.

The husband and five young children survive. They are Arlice, 11; Winona, 8; Albert, 7; Harry, 4, and Erdine, aged five weeks. Two sisters, Mrs. Tom Gach and Miss Elva First, and two brothers, Charles and Valoris First, residing in Lima.

John Paul Jones.

John Paul Jones, aged 60 years, died at 5 o'clock Sunday evening in his residence, 29 Dewey avenue, following an illness covering a period of six months. Funeral services will be held in the residence at 7 o'clock Tuesday night and the body will be shipped to Shawnee Wednesday morning for burial.

Mr. Jones had been a resident of Newark for eight years. He is survived by the widow, two sons, three daughters and a sister living in Akron.

MAN WHO FASTED 60 DAYS IS DEAD

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM

Cleveland, Jan. 5.—William H. Maire, aged 48, widely known because of a sixty-day fast he endured in an effort to cure himself of locomotor atrophy six years ago, died today at his home here, having been ill continually since his novel experiment which attracted the attention of physicians all over the country.

WAS DENISON GRADUATE.

Frank Morse, senior partner of the law firm of Morse, Tuttle & Ross, died at his home in Cincinnati Sunday morning following a severe attack of asthma. Mr. Morse is a graduate of Denison University with the class of 1885.

Here's to You and Me and POSTUM

—the pure food-drink that meets the desire of young and old for a palatable table beverage which is wholesome and satisfying.

Postum is made only of clean, hard wheat and a small per cent. of New Orleans molasses. It tastes much like the higher grades of Java, but is absolutely free from caffeine, the drug in coffee, which causes so much headache, sleeplessness, indigestion, nervousness and heart trouble.

Coffee drinkers can learn something of value by a 10 days' change to Postum.

Then, as the coffee poison is eliminated from the system, the brain works clear, nerves become steady, and the gradual return of peace and comfort will show plainly.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

Postum now comes in two forms:

Regular Postum—must be boiled 15 to 20 minutes.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A scant teaspoonful stirred in a cup of hot water dissolves instantly.

The convenience of Instant Postum is apparent. But, when prepared according to directions, both kinds are exactly the same. The cost per cup is about equal.

—Grocers everywhere sell both kinds.

Carroll's**Tuesday Will Be Mink Day
At the Great Fur Sale**

**Mr Ashbaugh will
Specialize Tuesday's Sale**

**With 25 Sets of Genuine Mink
At Less Than Half-Price**

**Also Special Prices on all Fur Coats
Clearance of Winter Coats, Suits & Dresses**

JOHN J. CARROLL

KEEP LOOKING YOUNG

It's Easy—if You Know Dr. Edward's Olive Tablets.

The secret of keeping young—is to feel young—to do this you must watch your liver and bowels—there's no need of having a sallow complexion—dark rings under your eyes—simples—bilious look in your face dull eyes with no sparkle.

Your doctor will tell you ninety per cent of all sickness comes from inactive bowels and liver. Dr. Edwards, a well-known physician in Ohio, perfected a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil to act on the liver and bowels, which he gave to his patients for years.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, are getting in their action, yet always effective. They bring about that exuberance of spirit, that natural buoyancy which should be enjoyed by everyone, by 'poning up the liver and clearing the system of impurities. You will know Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets by their olive color. 10c and 25c per box. The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, Ohio. All druggists.

Obituary

Mr. Harvey Evans.

Mrs. Louis Legg received word this morning that her brother, Harvey Evans, a former resident of this county had died in Emporia, Kan. He was born November 5, 1882, and was united in marriage to Miss Eunilda Montgomery. He leaves the aged widow and five children, three sons and two daughters, besides three sisters, Mrs. Lewis Legg of Newark, Mrs. O. C. Vance of Sycamore and Mrs. Lavina Patterson of Frazeysburg.

Asks Fee for Property.

The final report of Willie H. Hammonton, receiver, in the case of Elmer Sutton, et al., vs. O. A. Mettalf, was filed in common pleas court Monday. H. D. Baker as receiver in the case of Charles Sasser vs. Oscar Vogelmeyer, also filed his inventory and appraisement.

Lunacy Affidavit.

Affidavit in lunacy was filed in probate court Monday in the case of Charles J. Smith, a recluse living in Mary Ann township. Hearing was set for Tuesday.

Probate Appointments.

J. V. Hilliard appointed executor of the will of Lydia Lott, late of Newark; bond, \$1,000.

Edward Kibler, Jr., appointed administrator of the will of Dora S. White, late of Newark; bond, \$500.

Francis E. Symons appointed executor of the estate of Eliza Ann Symons, late of Newark.

Marriage Licenses.

Tracy M. Patrick, 25, manager picture show, Olney, Ill., and Delta Thornton, 25, Alexandria, La., were to officiate.

W. Corvin Dove, 29, farmer, Bloomville, O., and Cynthia A. Geiger, 29, Hebron. Elder Adam F. Dove to officiate.

EGG CONSUMERS STRIKE.

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM

St. Louis, Jan. 5.—An egg consumers strike which is to last a week was inaugurated here today by the People's League, a civic organization with a membership of almost 1,000.

A Pure Heart is A Pure Fountain

We Are Learning Power of the
Will, Says Pastor Russell.

STARTING NEW YEAR RIGHT.

Pure Thoughts—Two Ways of Fighting
Vice, Sin—We Must Copy God's
Methods—Impurity Is Devouring Our
Race—Its Ramifications—In Business,
In Religion, In Society, In Politics, In
the Home, Everywhere—The Fight
Against Impurity—Its Progress—Its
Goddess—Its Efforts and Results
Present and Future.



PASTOR RUSSELL

New York, Jan. 4.—Pastor Russell, of the City Temple Congregation, took for his text today St. Paul's words: "Whatsoever things are pure, whatsoever things are lovely, whatsoever things are of good report; if there be any virtue, and if there be any praise, think on these things" (Philippians 4:8). He said:

More and more we are learning the power of the will. "As a man thinketh in his heart, so is he." The heart represents the real man, whom we are not always able to properly recognize, weigh and value. God looks upon the heart, and each man should carefully scrutinize his own heart—especially all who desire to be pleasing in God's sight. But the Apostle uses the word think as representing another process of the mind, the will. We must do some thinking in order to will properly. As a man thinketh, he will gradually come to do, because the mind, the thoughts, give us our ideals, for the activities of life, just as the architect's drawings give ideals in respect to the construction of a house.

The man who does no thinking has not properly begun to live. The man who thinks upon wrong things, who has set before his mind wrong ideals, is worse off than the man who has no ideals. We must admit the truth of the Apostle's proposition that we should think upon the good, the honorable, the just, the pure, the true, the loving things, if we would have our lives just, loving, true, noble, pure, lovely and lovable.

I have chosen this subject, not because I believe that this congregation is devoid of good ideals, but because we are apt to let slip some of those noble ideals which we set before our minds and which God has set before us through the words of Jesus and the Apostles and others of His servants. We need to set our affections on that which is just, noble, true and good—the Heavenly things of Divine approval; and as they slip away to earthly ideals, we are to set them afresh. The opening of a new year is a time especially favorable for resetting our heart affections upon things that are just, noble, pure, lovely, the time for calling to our aid all the will power and resolutions which we can command. Thus we make character.

Moreover, we are all preaching, by our words in public and in private, and by our actions. Our neighbors and our friends are influenced more by our actions than by our words if the two are in conflict. As God's people we are to be ministers of the Truth, ambassadors for God, to show forth His praises as we have opportunity. Our ordination, our authorization, is of God through the Holy Spirit. Whoever has received that has a Divine authority to preach, which is the highest, the only authority.

The World's Purity Congress.

In November last I received appointment as a delegate to the World's Purity Congress, which met in Minneapolis, November 7th to 12th. Although I hesitated because of pressure upon my time, I was afterward glad of the experience gained. There I made the acquaintance of some noble men and women who, so far as I could judge, are laying down their lives in fighting against sin, impurity, wrong, and to uplift humanity. Nearly all seemed to be having a considerable fight against the powers of darkness in their various fields of activity; and all seemed earnest, zealous, courageous and hopeful. Some labored as followers of Christ; others labored apparently merely from a humanitarian stand-

ENDS DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" cures sick, sour stomach in five minutes—Stop starving stomach!

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—"really does" overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that just that—makes Pape's Diapepsin the largest selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid; head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your inside filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember, the moment "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction or your druggist hands you your money back. It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. I belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of a sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach doctor in the world.

the laws. We surely did rejoice in this. If the giving of the franchise to women shall mean better laws, more righteousness and purity in our nation, we surely all would agree that female suffrage could not come too soon.

The welfare of children was carefully discussed. It was demonstrated that in the families of the very poor, ideals of chastity are unknown. These children possess knowledge of sex matters beyond their years; and, mingling with others in the public schools, like an infectious plague they poison the moral atmosphere of the entire school, suggesting immoral practises to those whose parents have sought carefully to maintain their purity.

The parental duty of giving children proper conceptions of the sanctity of their bodies was set forth. The child needs, not large instruction, but simple confidence in the parent, and the information that its body is sacred, pure, holy, and belongs to God, and that whoever violates its sanctity sins against God. This much information should be given to the child before it enters the public school. Indeed, first lessons in vice are sometimes given in the kindergarten, notwithstanding the teacher's watchful eye. The child should have the assurance that the parent will give further instructions later on; and should have such confidence in the parent that it would be content to wait for the further information which every child's mind seeks regarding itself and its origin.

It was pointed out, however, that comparatively few parents know how to broach this subject in a profitable manner. Alas, what have our schools and churches done, or not done, for these fathers and mothers? If they had received useful information helpful to their lives, no doubt church attendance would be much larger than it is today. Are we to see young boys start in bad habits that will injure their health and that of their posterity? The answer is, No! Yet great care should be exercised that thorough sex instruction be not given too early, lest the very evil be encouraged which it was sought to guard against.

The age of thirteen to fifteen, according to the child's intelligence, seems to be the critical age when clear knowledge is quite necessary to save the child from the evil which has already overtaken so many. Statistics indicate that boys and girls are especially subject to temptation through ignorance between the years of thirteen and eighteen, when the forces of nature are breaking forth, just as trees bud in springtime. The parent who rules his child with loving intelligence rather than brute force should have the child's confidence at this age. The parents are the God-given instructors and protectors of their families. Nothing can excuse them from this, either church work or slum work, or even Bible study.

The Minimum of Wages.
It was brought out that five of our great states have already legislated on the subject of the minimum wage for female employees and of the hours during which they may be legally employed. Amongst these the three highest in appreciation seem to be Oregon, Iowa, and Minnesota, with evidences that the laws of the last named state represent the best features of all previous legislation on the subject.

The story of the battle to secure better regulations of vice and better hours and wages for female laborers was told in detail. In various ways the opponents of righteousness sought to circumvent the legislation so imperatively needed by the people whom they represented. And so far as we could learn, female suffrage and the active and intelligent labor of self-sacrificing women have been largely influential in effecting the rectification

Philadelphia was the place, and fifty-seven years ago today the date, of the earthy premiere of David Bispham, the renowned grand opera baritone. Mr. Bispham may claim to be a real native son of the City of Brotherly Love, for his ancestors for several generations back were Philadelphia Quakers. His father, although he practiced law for a living, was passionately devoted to music, and was especially fond of playing the flute. It is asserted that William Danforth Bispham could play the flute so well that none of the neighbors ever objected, which is the supreme test of musical ability.

Little David Soull Bispham was only knee-high to a grasshopper—to use the expressive western phrase—when he began to manifest musical inclinations. In a short time he mastered the guitar and was able to accompany his father's flute. At nineteen he graduated from Haverford College, receiving the degree of A. B., which, in the light of subsequent events, may be translated to mean able baritone. At Haverford he was the leader of the glee club, and everybody said that he had the "makings" of a great singer. David didn't believe them, at the time, and

and every form of immoral traffic shall be rooted out. To these calls from the Purity Congress people who love righteousness and hate iniquity and love their fellow men should acquiesce; and many should join the crusaders against vice in its many forms.

I speak today from a personal standpoint, and call for a crusade in your own heart, and in your own home, if you are parents. Do not allow false delicacy or the fear of being considered a prude to hinder you from doing your duty—from opposing everything in sympathy with vice. At the Congress it was clearly demonstrated that one of the serious tendencies of our time is what is termed "spooning."

Every Christian desiring the Lord's approval, and hoping eventually to hear His "Well done," should determine today that he will take a more active part in opposing vice, especially within his own home, and particularly in his own mind. God wants resolute Christians—overcomers. Our minds must be loyal to the Lord, to Truth and to Purity, and our bodies must be brought in as close harmony with these renewed minds as possible.

I am not urging you to give all your time toward moral reforms, nor so intending to do myself. According to our view, there is a still greater work than that of moral reform, good though that work be. The greater work is the one in which you and I are engaged, by the grace of God. We are preaching the Gospel, for the purpose of gathering out the Bride class, in order that the Church being completed, the glorious Millennium Reign of Jesus and His Church may begin. In that glorified spiritual Kingdom of God we see the only hope of effectively, thoroughly, stamping out the social evil and every other evil, born of selfishness and sin, and associated with the present reign of Sin and Death.

We do not believe that present institutions will be able to accomplish the laudable desires for which we praise them. They will, we trust, however, be able to accomplish further good; and we take pleasure in bidding them Godspeed. The speaker would certainly be with them, heart and hand, in the battle against vice and for civic and moral uplift, purity, were it not that we have the still higher commission of finding the members of the Bride class and helping to prepare them for the Kingdom. Thus we are working for the effectual suppression of vice and the establishment of the Reign of Righteousness, even though outward appearance not all may be able to perceive our relationship toward these noble co-laborers who are seeking their victories now.

Let us all, dear brethren, put on the whole armor of God, and be first pure, fighting against sin of every kind as we have opportunity, but especially serving the Household of Faith, as directed in the Lord's Word. Let us not give the impression to others that we are careless of their work and of the interests of the present time. Let us have a word of encouragement for them, and a hearty grasp of the hand; and if time permit let us be ready to do them good, in whatever way will not conflict with our higher opportunities of doing good to the Household of Faith. "Let not your good be evil spoken of." Take heed lest through your failure to express sympathy any should mistake you for an opponent of righteousness, truth, purity, loyalty to God and all the interests of His cause, great and small.

The White Slave Traffic.
Perhaps many of us have considered the expression "white slave traffic" a fiction of some overzealous reformer; but not so. On the very best authority we learn that this immoral traffic has its agents and operatives in all parts of the civilized world. These operators control as a money-making arrangement approximately 68,000 women, reaping from their immoral traffic about \$188,000,000 per year. These large profits enable them to exercise great influence at the polls and in the lower courts.

Although not a corporation, they co-operate with each other in all parts of Christendom. They are constantly on the lookout for recruits, as they are continually losing some through death, disease and the ravages of age; for as soon as these white slaves cease to be profitable to their owners they are dropped, and become the lowest of the low. They are generally obedient slaves, faithful to their masters, even to the extent of transfer from one to another. Many of them undoubtedly would die of despair or by suicide, were it not for the hope continually held out by their masters that soon sufficient money will be realized to justify them in settling down in a respectable little business.

The 68,000 regular slaves constitute only about one-half of the immoral women of this land who support themselves solely by immorality.

The great center of traffic appears to be eastern Germany and Austria. From there white slaves are shipped with considerable regularity in all directions—to South Africa, South America, and latterly to China. Goodly numbers are coming to the United States; but finding it difficult to escape the government inspection, they are mostly brought in by way of Canada. The audacity of these immoral traders is illustrated by the fact that one of their agents recently was found on a committee organized for the destruction of the vice. This man enthusiastically offered \$250 for the conviction of white slavers. He was wealthy, had a son at college and a daughter completing her education in Europe.

Recent developments have shown that some high schools are deeply infected with vice, and every young woman, especially if attractive in appearance, is beset with dangerous pitfalls. The ignorance of the innocent respecting these things contributed to the success of the enemy. The unpreparedness of parents to do their duty seems to leave no alternative to the suggestion that sex hygiene must be taught in all grades of the high school and in the upper grades of the grammar school.

One of the most mortifying thoughts in connection with the entire matter is that there are men and women willing to sell themselves to such a vile business—to traffic in the morals of the young. The matter has gone so far that not merely on account of danger from consumption, but also from those who have general diseases, drinking cure for general use are no longer permitted at public fountains. Indeed, authorities charged with responsibility for such matters are at their wits' end to know how to overtake the spread of venereal diseases and those which enter from them to the third and fourth generation.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

IN ONE MINUTE! CLOGGED NOSTRILS OPEN---COLDS AND CATARRH VANISH

Sneeze Discharge. Clears
Stuffed Head, Heats Inflamed Air
Passages and You Breathe Freely.

Try "Ely's Cream Balm."

Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

End such misery now; get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fra-

grant balm dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake tonight straining for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucus dropping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

entered upon the prosaic occupation of a wool merchant. Even while so engaged, however, he simply had to sing, and as a member of the Oratorio Society and the Orpheus Club, and sole basso and leader of the choir of St. Mark's church, he became prominent in the amateur musical circles of Philadelphia. In 1885 he arrived at two important decisions. One was to join the ranks of the Benedictines, which ambition was the result of falling in love with Miss Caroline Russell, daughter of a United States army general; the other decision was to go abroad and study music. In Italy he studied under the elder Lamperti in Milan, and Vanniuccini at Florence. Later he went to London, where he continued his studies, and became a great favorite in the amateur musical life of the world's metropolis.

Mr. Bispham made his professional debut as the Duc de Longueville in Messinger's "The Basoche," at the Royal English Opera in 1891. When this engagement was concluded Sir Augustus Harris, the Covent Garden impresario, offered the American singer a place in his company. For years he remained at Covent Garden, singing over a score of roles in Italian, German and French grand opera. In 1897 Mr. Bispham returned to his native land, having accepted an engagement proffered by Maurice Grau of the Metropolitan Opera House, New York. He achieved his greatest fame on this side in Wagnerian roles. Of late years he has devoted himself largely to concerts on both sides of the Atlantic. In London eight years ago he gave a most successful production of the romantic opera, "The Vicar of Wakefield," debuting the title role.

Prof. Frederick Shepherd Converse, the famous composed and Harvard music teacher, was born in Newton, Mass., forty-three years ago today. Prof. Converse was one of the delegates to the congress of American "immortals" held recently in Chicago, and upon his return paid a high tribute to "the power of the West in the advancement of the arts," adding that the West is rapidly coming into leadership.

JACKSONTOWN.
Miss Anna Smith was the charming hostess to her Thimble club, when she entertained with a suffragette party on New Year's eve at her home west of Jacksontown. After a pleasant evening a delicious buffet luncheon was served by the hostess and dainty souvenirs were presented the following guests: Mrs. Mary Smith, Misses Blanche Smith, Milda and Lulu Swartz, Lura and Charrie Beard, Fannie and Grace Gray, Susie and Edith Davis, Ella and Doris Rodgers, Jessie Dusthimer, Helen Lewis, Verna Miller, Mabel Wallace, Messrs. George Smith and Freeman Dusthimer.

Mr. Samuel Davis and sisters Susie, Edith and Hazel delightfully entertained the members of the True Builders at their home in Atherton on New Year's night. Music and games were enjoyed, and a delicious three course dinner was served the following: Miss Jessie Dusthimer, Fannie and Grace Gray, Anna Daily, Edith Tavener, Reba Jury, Lura and Charrie Beard, Helen Lewis, Mary Osburn, Messrs. Paul and Chadwin Jury, Paul Daly, William Hoover, Paul Stotler, Edwin McFarlin, Stanley and Allan Crow, Freeman Dusthimer, Herbert Woolard, Dwight Griffith, Bert Blade, Ralph Davis, Emmett and Walter Orr, Stephen Schmidt, Clement Frymire, Dwight Wince, Henry Etner, Kirby Clermont, Master Frederick Davis, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Davis.

Mrs. Harley Peters and daughter Mary have returned to their home in Columbus, after spending a week with Mrs. Kate Osburn.

Dr. Rarick of Cleveland was calling on several of his former patients here on New Year's Day.

Miss Willmetta Davis spent several days this week in Newark with her grandfather, Mr. O. C. Larson. Dr. Barick and family of Thermopolis, Joseph Brownfield and family of Newark were guests on New Year's day of L. E. Crow and family.

There are 3,042,000 unionists in Germany.

IF YOU HAD A NECK AS LONG AS THIS FELLOW, AND HAD SORE THROAT

TONSILINE
WORLD FAMOUS MEDICINE.
See Dr. S. W. Thompson, 100 Main St., Newark, O.

Total Assets over Two Million Dollars.

T-R-U-S-T

The word "trust" in the title of this company is applied to every transaction it undertakes.

In the first place, it provides a safe depository for money. Moreover, by reason of its experience and complete equipment, it is in a position to render unexcelled service when acting in trust capacities such as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, etc.

Prompt and Efficient Attention Given
to all Business intrusted to us

The NEWARK TRUST COMPANY NEWARK, OHIO

CAPITAL
AND
SURPLUS
\$325,000.00

IN YOUR SELECTION OF

PIANO OR PLAYER PIANO

Do not fail to investigate our line.

Pianos Steinway
Kuhne Weber
Wurlitzer
Vander
Blasius Lakeside
Decker & Son Badie
Shoninger Rudolf

CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS

All instruments backed by the Munson Guarantee. Two shop-worn pianos at reduced prices.

The Munson Music Co.

(In Business Since 1851.)

Newark, Ohio.

CONCRETE DRAIN TILE

4-inch ... 28c Per Rod
6-inch ... 50c Per Rod
5-inch ... 38c Per Rod
8-inch ... 80c Per Rod

THE WYETH-SCOTT CO., Mfrs.
Manning St. and B. & O. R. R. Both Phones.

BLOOD POISON

**Tomorrow
(Tuesday)
Will be The Last
Day
of Our January
Clearance Sale**

Thousands of dollars of dry goods, cloaks, suits, furs, carpets, dress goods, hosiery, underwear and dry goods in general are offered in this sale at ridiculously low prices to close out before our invoice. You ought to take advantage of this last day's sale.

E. H. Mazer Company

**Display Shows Way
To "Land of Promise"
In Old Virginia State**

A glimpse of the Land of Promise, the modern Canaan—a glorious stretch of rich territory, overflowing with an abundance of opportunities, as yet only weakly developed even though situated in the heart of the progressive Eastern states—is to be seen in the exhibition of the agricultural and industrial development department of the Norfolk & Western railway, on display in 16 Arcade, Newark, O.

The exhibit comprises a collection of average specimens of the fruit and grain products of the vast territory extending from the heights of the grand old Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountain ranges, with their 6000 feet elevation, on down through the fertile Shenandoah valley and the Piedmont district, until the broad expanse of beautiful farm land spreads its length to the sea level on the east, taking in the states of Virginia and North Carolina.

There are three distinct factors advanced as an explanation of the favorable conditions at the disposal of the Virginia and North Carolina home-seekers. These are the proximity to the leading markets, the delightful climate, and the soil conditions, which are open to the inquiries of all agriculturists.

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Virginia is rich in alfalfa. It was introduced in the valley by a western man, "Captain Jack," who has established an 800-acre alfalfa farm at Port Conway, Va., which yields an income of \$30,000 to \$40,000 annually.

The great soil improvers common to the state are Soja beans and cowpeas, both raised in large quantities, and all of the clovers.

Virginia wheat has long had the preference of skilled millers, because of the richer flavor it is allowed to attain by reason of the long growing season. An excellent grade of wheat is raised in the foothills and in the valleys, and intelligent farming brings crops of from twenty to forty bushels per acre.

Limestone, used as a soil invigorator, is shipped in at an extremely low rate.

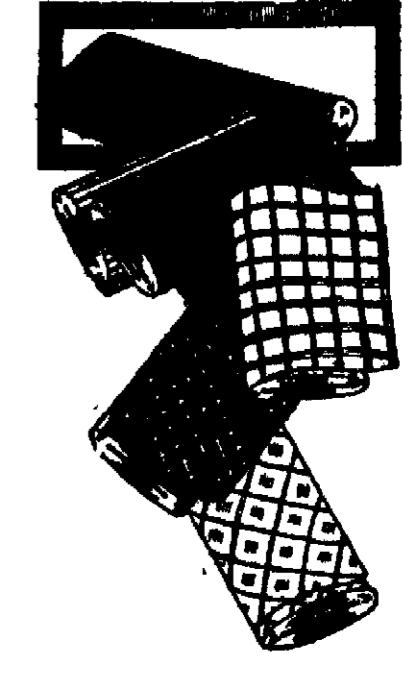
With its natural resources for successful agriculture, and its wonderful store of historic associations and beautiful scenery, Virginia, and its southern neighbor, North Carolina, as well, affords an ideal home country. Natural bridge, Luray cavern, and the Grottoes, are spots of interest world-wide fame.

The Arcade display offers striking first-hand examples of the advantages of the territory, and it is well worth inspection.

1/2 Is The Price 1/2

High Class Dress Goods Suitings and Cloakings

PICKED UP FROM A RECEIVER OF HIGH CLASS SUIT MANUFACTURER AT 50¢ ON THE DOLLAR.



\$1.75 and \$2.00 Fabrics yd.	\$1.00
\$2.50 to \$3.00 Fabrics yd.	\$1.45
\$3.50 to \$5.00 Fabrics yd.	\$1.95

Here's good, high-class wide suitings picked up from a receiver of a high-class suit manufacturer at 50¢ on the dollar. Every yard of these strictly high-class fabrics, which are very suitable for Dresses, Suits, Skirts, Coats, etc., for women, misses and children, are placed on sale exactly in accordance with the purchase price—that 1/2 price.

In this purchase of dress fabrics, there is included novelties of almost every description, Broadcloths and Serges, etc.

See Window Display

PLenty of GREAT BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS IN BOTH HIGHER AND LOWER PRICED FABRICS.

Meyer or Lindor
NEWARK, OHIO.

EAST SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE

THE STORE THAT SERVES YOU BEST

doah valley, extending throughout the length of the state of Virginia, from the Maryland line southward, between the Allegheny and Blue Ridge mountains, offers a rare opportunity for successful growing of all the grains and grasses.

The valley extends to a width of fifty miles in many places, and the broad expanse of farming land constituting the valley is productive of the best quality of clover, wheat, oats, rye, barley, timothy. This is pre-eminently a grass section. The limestone soil composition adds a vital quality to the products which figures strongly in the raising of great herds of cattle for which the Eastern markets have an almost insatiable demand.

This valley comprises the present great fruit growing section of the state. It is from here that the bulk of Virginia fruit is shipped to the markets of the East and even to those of Europe.

Southwestern Virginia is the natural blue grass region. From this territory alone 4,000 carloads of cattle were shipped to the Eastern markets over one railroad last year, the largest part of which was exported.

These cattle are fattened in the fields on the natural grasses. No grain is fed. In this section are blue grass sods that have not been touched by a plow in half a century, which are being grazed every year.

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GOOD TIME PROMISED TO LOCAL ELKS

There will be a rousing meeting of the Elks tomorrow evening at which time business of a special nature will be transacted. It is the desire of Exalted Ruler F. E. Neighor that every Elk in the city be in attendance. The business will be followed by a social hour in the club rooms when Steward "Billy" Hohl and assistants will take charge and provide some of the good things of life. Members of the Antlered order should not fail to be present as a good time will be enjoyed by everyone.

The equally celebrated Albemarle

peppermint is grown here in abundance. The whole crop is exported, at an amount of fortunes to holders of comparatively small acreage. English buyers send their representatives directly to the territory to make their purchases for shipment abroad.

The Grimes, Wine-

Sap, Stayman and York imperial ap-

riculture, and the ples-

Norfolk & Western railway has es-

tablished an experiment farm at Ivor,

Southampton county, Va., under di-

rection of Mr. F. H. Labanum, agri-

culturist.

Other varieties of fruit flourish

throughout this well-nourished

mountain slope district.

The broad and beautiful Shenan-

the Licking County Board of Agriculture.

In 1901 he was united in marriage to Fannie Vogel of Zanesville, who survives, with two brothers and three sisters. They are James E. Horton of Newark, Basil M. Horton of St. Louisville, Mrs. Maggie Hall of Utica, and Mrs. Mary Benear of Newark. His mother died less than a year ago at the age of 80 years.

Mr. Horton was a member of Newark Lodge, No. 13, Knights of Pythias, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Utica, and the Red Men of Newark. He was also a member of the Lutheran church.

Funeral services will be held Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock at the Lutheran church, First street and Sherwood Court, Rev. G. Bohon Schmitt officiating. Interment will be made at Cedar Hill cemetery.

His last illness began early last November, in fact the day after election. He was able to go to the polls and cast his ballot though he was quite ill at the time. He returned to his home and was compelled to go to bed. He continued to grow worse until death relieved his sufferings.

Mr. Horton was born 53 years ago on a farm in Newton township, near St. Louisville. He was a son of the

late Robert E. Horton, who was also a prominent Democrat and a county office holder. He was educated in the district schools of Newton township and attended a normal school at Utica. In later years he taught school in various parts of the county.

Early in his manhood, he began taking interest in political matters and took active part in the campaigns of the early nineties. When J. H. Newton was appointed postmaster during President Cleveland's second term, Mr. Horton was named assistant postmaster. He served in this capacity throughout Mr. Newton's term and was soon afterwards named court bailiff. Later he served as deputy sheriff under Sheriff William Anderson. About 1886 he was elected sheriff and served two terms. On January 22, 1909, he was appointed justice of the peace of Newark township to succeed M. O. Nash, and after serving this appointive term, he was elected to the office, the full term lacking a few months when he resigned to accept the position of deputy state oil inspector, which position had been filled by his nephew, R. O. Horton. He performed the duties of this office for about a month, when he was stricken with what proved to be his last illness.

For a number of years, Mr. Horton was allied with the Democratic organization in the county, and was at the time of his death president of the Licking Democratic club and vice-chairman of the Democratic executive committee. He was also treasurer of

MORTONS RESUME THEIR RESIDENCE IN WASHINGTON

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

Washington, Jan. 5.—Former Vice-President and Mrs. Morton have resumed their residence in Washington, occupying the house at 1500 Rhode Island avenue, which was a center of official and social activity during the Harrison and Morton administration.

As presiding officer of the Senate at that time Mr. Morton played an important part in the congressional struggles of that day, including the delicate issues which arose over the movement to pass the so-called "force bill."

Since leaving Washington Mr. Morton and his family have lived in New York and at their extensive summer home on the Hudson and have spent much time abroad.

The population of the United States contains 3,300,000 more males than females.

The government of New South Wales has placed orders for 80 new locomotives for the state railways.

Norwegian trade unions have a membership of 63,000, an increase of 17,000 since 1910.

R. R. TIME TABLES

PENNSYLVANIA LINES.
In effect November 20, 1913.

No. 27	12:10am	No. 7	8:00am
No. 47	2:00am	No. 77	8:45am
No. 21	4:34am	No. 19	12:50pm
No. 33	5:55am	No. 3	6:10pm
No. 75	7:28am	No. 13	8:00pm

No. 36	12:15am	No. 14	1:30pm
No. 45	1:45am	No. 22	2:45pm
No. 8	1:42am	No. 22	5:55pm
No. 10	8:36am	No. 76	7:20pm
No. 18	9:40am	No. 20	9:10pm
No. 6	1:10pm	No. 34	9:25pm

*Sunday only. **Daily except Sunday.

**No baggage handled.

B. & O. RAILROAD.

Eastbound. Westbound.

No. 106	12:50am	No. 185	3:00am
No. 15	1:58am	No. 107	8:55am
No. 104	2:40pm	No. 107	8:55am
No. 112	3:40pm	No. 111	10:40am
No. 2	6:00pm	No. 103	1:45pm

No. 115 9:00pm No. 289 Ar. 8:30pm

Daily except Sunday.

Shawnee Division.

No. 2 6:55am No. 208 Ar. 8:05am

No. 17 7:58am No. 209 Ar. 8:06pm

No. 15 8:06pm No. 209 Ar. 8:30pm

Daily except Sunday.

Suits, Overcoats Reduced

Stein, Bloch, Strouse & Bros. and The L System Smart Suits and Overcoats for men and young men reduced in price as follows:

\$10 Suits and Overcoats—now ... \$7.50

\$15 Suits and Overcoats—now ... \$11.25

\$20 Suits and Overcoats—now ... \$15.00

\$25 Suits and Overcoats—now ... \$18.75

Boys' and Children's

\$3 Suits and Overcoats—now ... \$2.25

\$4 Suits and Overcoats—now ... \$3.00

\$5 Suits and Overcoats